

This ECR Quality Control document is intended to provide the means of recording the relevant information from the installation of an ECR System to ensure all critical hold points are identified and the installation process is properly executed resulting in an acceptable and successful composite repair installation. Any deviation from the specified installation steps or in the design/site conditions for a specified ECR System should be noted and a work-stop issued until the client can accept and sign off on any change in process or scope. This document shall not be considered complete or valid unless signed by both the installation technician/supervisor and the asset owner/operator. Each of the following identified sections must be completed:

- 1. Design Verification
- 2. Material Verification
- 3. Site Conditions

- 4. Installation Controls
- 5. Curing Protocols
- 6. Final Repair Inspection

Client / Facility Name	
Contact Name	
Phone	

	DESIGN VERIFICATION	DATA / VALUES	Initials
1	Engineering Specification #		
2	ECR System Name Specified		
3	Diameter of Pipe		
4	Pipe Grade & Schedule		
5	Line ID (if given)		
6	Repair Location Geometry		
7	Design Repair Type		
8	Defect Type & Size		
9	Total # Layers		
10	Total Repair Length		

	MATERIAL VERIFICATION*	Data /	Values	INITIALS
11	Material Quantities	Material quantities on hand meet minimum values estimated for full job scope completion (volume of polymers and square footage of composite wrap).		
		Lot #(s)	Expiration Date(s)	
12	Filler (as required**) Must be the filler qualified with the ECR System			





13	Primer Must be the Primer qualified with the ECR System			
14	Saturant (as required**) Must be the Saturant qualified with the ECR System			
15	Composite Wrap Must be the Composite Wrap qualified with the ECR System			
	 *Record all individual Lot #'s and Expiration Dates separately. If multiple items have same Lot #, they only need to be recorded once. **If no filler (such as for internal corrosion) or no saturant (such as in pre-impregnated material) is required, leave these sections blank. If additional room is required, use additional sheets to record all data. 			5

DATA / VALUES SITE CONDITIONS INITIALS Environmental Temperature¹ 16 ¹If tent/enclosure required on site for environmental protection, then record temperature in enclosed area Pipe surface temperature must be 5°F (3°C) above dew point. 17 Pipe Surface Temperature Pipe Surface Temperature: Weather Conditions (rain, 18 snow, etc.) Relative humidity during installation of epoxy-based systems should be 85% or less. Humidity 19 Measured Humidity Level: Defect type & size used in design: Defect is within design limits 20 as calculated and specified Defect type & size confirmed at site: No pressure or vacuum is present in the event the leak is not sealed by some other means prior to wrapping. If pipe shut down If Type B defect, no active leak is present and zero (0) or blocked, ensure no pressure leak is present in block valve; and 21 pressure in pipe ensure that no head pressure exists from remaining fluid in pipe even if section is not pressurized by the system. Repair Length specified is Repair Length specified in design: within limits and available on 22 site Repair Length available at site: _



23	Surface Preparation Length	longer than the call primer to extend be	I surface is at least two (2) culated and specified Rep eyond the Repair Length b nd of the repair area.	air Length to allow for	
24	Surface Preparation	surface preparation SSPC-SP-10 / NA	CE 2 "Near White Metal Bl er Tool Cleaning" at minin or Surface Prep:	ast" or	
	Surface Profile Measurement	Minimum profile of below and to right.	1 mil (25.4 microns) requi	red. Record data	
	When using Testex or similar r NACE RP0287 "Field Measure Using a Replica Tape" SSPC-PA 17 "Procedure for d count requirements"	ement of Surface Pro	file of Abrasive Blast-Clea	ned Steel Surfaces	Surface
25	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here) (Affix	Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	Profile Average:
		Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	
	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here) (Affix	Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	(Affix Press-O-Film tape here)	
	If additional room is required, use	e additional sheets to re	ecord all data.		

	INSTALLATION CONTROLS	DATA / VALUES	INITIALS
26	Filler Material Installation	Filler material mixed in correct ratios as specified on product packaging and fully mixed with no streaking or marbling visible, and in a manner which limits air pockets being "whipped" into the mixture. Filler Name:	
27		Mixed filler material installed fully into defect, or over transitional areas, as required with proper fairing to reduce sharp angles and no air pockets left within.	





	Does ECR System require base fiberglass layer as part of Primer? Yes = Complete Primer Checks 28-30 and skip Primer Checks 31-32. No = Complete Primer Checks 31-32 and skip Primer Checks 28-30. Refer to specified ECR System Detailed Installation Guide for information on specific requirements of Primer to be used, and complete only the relevant checks for the Primer type as defined below.			
28	Primer material mixed in correct ratios as specified on product packaging and fully mixed with no streaking or marbling visible. Primer Name:			
29	Fiberglass Primer Material Installation	100% of the fiberglass saturated using the mixed Primer polymer to ensure no dry spots remain. Use of NRI's Resinator [™] tool is highly recommended for saturating fibers on site.		
30		Saturated Fiberglass Primer material installed at a two (2) layer thickness as specified to completely cover the specified Repair Length plus two (2) inches (50mm), ensuring coverage over entire repair area.		
		# layers achieved during installation:		
31		Primer material mixed in correct ratios as specified on product packaging and fully mixed with no streaking or marbling visible, and in a manner which limits air pockets being "whipped" into the mixture.		
	Primer Material Installation	Primer Name: Mixed primer material installed 360° around the circumference of the pipe at a thickness specified in installation guide to completely		
32		cover the specified Repair Length plus two (2) inches (50mm), ensuring coverage over entire repair area. Thickness specified for ECR System Primer:		
	information on specific requireme type as defined below. Contact N Pre-Impregnated Moisture Field Saturated Epoxy (FS	Thickness achieved during installation:		
	Pre-Impregnated Heat Cur MCU Composite Wrap	red Epoxy (HCE) = Complete HCE Checks 42-44. 100% of the wrap was activated with clean water during the		
33	Installation	wrapping of the material.		
34	 Syntho-Glass[®] XT Viper-Skin[®] Steel-Wrap[®] MCU 	The wrapping start point was one (1) inch (25mm) from the edge of the Primer material and end point was one (1) inch (25mm) from the end of the Primer material.		



		Total number of layers installed is at least the required as stated in	
		the calculation/design documentation (more layers is acceptable,	
35	MCU Composite Wrap	less is not).	
	Installation		
	Syntho-Glass [®] XT	Total # MCU Layers Installed =	
	Viper-Skin [®]	4 layers of compression film was installed over the entire repair	
36	 Steel-Wrap[®] MCU 	area landing on the outside area beyond the composite wrap, and	
		fully perforated within 5 minutes of completing the composite	
		wrapping.	
37		Saturant polymer mixed per specified mix ratio, and fully	
37		mixed/agitated until uniform in color with no streaking/marbling visible.	
		100% of the composite wrap dry fabric saturated using the mixed	
		saturant polymer to ensure no dry spots remain but was not over-	
38		saturated which could cause potential sagging. Use of NRI's	
00	FSE Composite Wrap	Resinator [™] tool is required for saturating fibers on site and	
	Installation	ensuring the proper resin to fiber ratio is achieved.	
	 Thermo-Wrap[™] 	The wrapping start point was one (1) inch (25mm) from the edge	
39	• Thermo-Wrap [™] Inspectable	of the Primer material and end point was one (1) inch (25mm) from	
	 Thermo-Wrap[™] CF Acid-Shield[™] 	the end of the Primer material.	
	Steel-Wrap [®] E	Total number of layers installed is at least the required as stated in	
	 Trans-Wrap™ APEX 	the calculation/design documentation (more layers is acceptable,	
40		less is not).	
		Total # FSE Layers Installed =	
11		4 layers of compression film was installed over the entire repair	
41		area landing on the outside area beyond the composite wrap	
		within 5 minutes of completing the composite wrapping. The wrapping start point was one (1) inch (25mm) from the edge	
42		of the Primer material and end point was one (1) inch (25mm) from the edge	
72		the end of the Primer material.	
		Total number of layers installed is at least the required as stated in	
	HCE Composite Wrap	the calculation/design documentation (more layers is acceptable,	
43	Installation	less is not).	
	 Thermo-Wrap[™] 500 		
		Total # HCE Layers Installed =	
		4 layers of heat resistant, compression film was installed over the	
44		entire repair area landing on the outside area beyond the	
		composite wrap to prepare for heat curing process.	
		Were ILI Smart Markers installed correctly on each end of the	
45	ILI Smart Marker Installation	composite repair? This is primarily used in pipeline applications.	
		□ No If Yes, indicate marker type: □ Magnets	
		□ Steel Banding	





	CURING PROTOCOL	DATA / VALUES	Initials
46	Curing Temperature & Time Frame ***Cure time is highly sensitive to, and heavily influenced by temperature. Consult specific produce documentation for estimated time frames at expected temperatures.***	 Acceptable cure temperatures and time frames vary significantly for ECR Systems and must be measured and met in order to ensure an installation will perform as designed and desired. Consult Detailed Installation Guide or Technical Data Sheets to confirm curing specifications of the ECR System being utilized. Temperature of system during cure: Time of cure at given temperature above: Provide verification of temperature maintained either by time vs. temperature charts or by monitoring via thermocouples depending on site capacities and availability. <i>Example: If curing was completed overnight, it is important to know that the temperature of the repair was maintained and did not drop to a much lower temperature than when installed, as this will slow the curing profile based on the lower temperature experienced during the curing.</i> 	
47	Post and/or Force Curing Notes	Provide any deviation information on curing of the ECR System should it be required (such as if the installation is made on elevated temperature piping that cures the ECR System faster than typical ambient conditions, or heat added due to cold environment, etc.). Leave this section blank if typical cure schedule is met.	

ENGINEERED COMPOSITE REPAIR SYSTEM



	FINAL REPAIR INSPECTION		S/REQUIREMENTS	SITE READINGS / SIGN-OFF
	should meet the minimum requ	irement of 90% of the ultimate ha	e technical data. The ECR System's rdness value typically published in t CC-2 Article 4.1 and ISO-24817 star	he product's
		pe D for measuring hardness of c Method for Rubber Property – Dui		
	 The test point shall be placed dir. A minimum of 10 test readings sl The readings shall be taken at ra etc.) For fillers which may be covered curing in the same conditions to be a "core sample" option may be used. 	ectly on a fiber and not the valley when hall be taken to get the average value ndom points along the repair to repres by the repair system installation, place be hardness tested with the system	the composite repair to insure a proper re re the fibers cross as this could result in a sent all areas (top of pipe, sides of pipe, b e a sample of the material used on site to d polymer and/or composite used and tes ubstrate	false low reading ottom of pipe, the side for
			h below (place check next to system be removed to complete all followin	
48	Shore D Hardness: Filler Material	 Syntho-Steel = 74 Syntho-Poxy HC = 72 Thermo-Fill = 74 Thermo-Fill HT = 74 	 ☐ Thermo-Fill 500 = 74 ☐ Acid-Shield Filler = 74 ☐ Steel-Wrap Filler = 80 ☐ Trans-Wrap Filler = 78 	Shored D Hardness Reading Average:
49	Shore D Hardness: Primer Material (as applicable; not required if polymer in composite wrap is the same as primer)	□ Syntho-Subsea LV = 74		Shored D Hardness Reading Average:
50	Shore D Hardness: Composite Wrap	 Syntho-Glass XT = 68 Viper-Skin = 74 Thermo-Wrap = 78 Thermo-Wrap CF = 81 Acid-Shield = 78 Thermo-Wrap 500 = 82 Steel-Wrap E = 75 Trans-Wrap APEX = 78 		Shored D Hardness Reading Average:





		Final, overall repair length must be at least the required Repair	Final Repair
51	Final Repair Length	Length as specified in the design calculations.	Length:
		Repair Length specified in design:	
		Final repair is correctly located on piping section of concern with	
52	Repair Location	defect located within repair length providing sufficient length wrapped beyond the defect in each direction. A longer repair	
		length than calculated is acceptable.	
		Final repair thickness must be at least the required # layers as	
		specified in the design calculations. May be found by measuring	Repair
		final circumference and calculating by:	Thickness:
		$C = \pi \times OD$	
50	Final Danair Thiaknasa	Where: C = Circumference of pipe; OD = Outside diameter	
53	Final Repair Thickness	CCP = π [OD + Primer + (2 x "#Layers" x "Thickness per Layer")]	
		Where: CCP = Circumference of pipe & composite	# Layers:
		Final this large (CCD - C) / (2 + -)	,
		Final thickness = (CCP – C) / (2 * π)	
		# layers & repair thickness specified in design:	
		shall be completed in accordance with "allowable limits" criteria as de	
		<i>e 6</i>) and ISO-24817 (<i>Table 16</i>) standards. Indicate either "Accepted" pection and stated Allowable Limits.	or "Not
	Defect Type	Allowable Limits	
		Tap test near ends of Repair Length. No delamination/disbonding	□ Accepted
54	Delamination	allowed at ends of repair.	
			Rejected
55	Cracks in Surface	None allowed.	□ Accepted
55	CIACKS III SUITALE		Rejected
			□ Accepted
56	Foreign Matter, Blisters, and Pits	Maximum of 0.4" (10mm) in width, and 0.1" (2.5mm) in height.	
	P115		□ Rejected
			□ Accepted
57	Wrinkles	No step changes in thickness greater than 0.1" (2.5mm) in height.	
			Rejected
58	Pinholes/Wormholes	None deeper than outer surface, polymer-rich layer.	□ Accepted
50			Rejected

59	Polymer Color	Should be uniform in color within same polymer system. (Different polymers used such as filler/primer/saturant may be different colors, but colors within same polymer should be uniform)	Accepted Rejected
60	Dry Spots and Exposed Fibers	None allowed in composite wrap.	Accepted Rejected

** Provide photos before, during and after installation for the quality records and future inspection reference **

Installer Technician/Supervisor Sign-off:

Name:	NRI Training ID #:	Expires On:
Signature:	Date Completed:	

By signing the above, the installation technician/supervisor is confirming that he/she has completed the mandatory qualification training for the ECR System installed, that each step of the defined ECR process was completed per the specific detailed installation guide for the product utilized, and that all values are accurate and correct as recorded. Any deviation from the specified process was recorded and approved by the asset owner prior to proceeding with the repair. Final document may be uploaded to NRI's AEC online program (<u>www.nriaec.com</u>) for data storage in the technicians' profile as job records.

<u>Additional Techs:</u> Provide name and Training ID# for all trained techs on site for requalification records. Use additional sheets if required.

Name:	NRI Training ID #:	Expires On:
Name:	NRI Training ID #:	Expires On:
Name:	NRI Training ID #:	Expires On:
Name:	NRI Training ID #:	Expires On:
Asset Owner/Operator Sign-off^:		
Name:		NRI CIC ID#:
Signature:		Date:

By signing the above, the asset owner is confirming that the pipe specifications, operational and installation parameters, repair design parameters are correct and match the design proposal for the intended repair, that the installation process was followed, and the final repair was inspected according to established standards and found to be acceptable based on requirements of the ECR System utilized.

[^]It is highly recommended that the representative from the asset owner have previously completed the NRI Composite Inspection Course (CIC) to fully understand the requirements of commissioning a completed ECR.